AIESEC HISTORY

AIESEC, originally an abbreviation for Association Internationale des Etudiants on Sciences Economique et Commerciales, is an international son-political and non-profit organisation rum by students and recent graduates of institutions of higher education from the countries all over the world.

The main motio of AIESEC is: , THE INTERNATIONAL PLATFORM FOR YOUNG PEOPLE TO DISCOVER AND DEVELOP THEIR POTENTIAL SO AS TO HAVE POSITIVE IMPACT ON SOCIETY".

PRAXIS AND AIESE

Though it all began in 1948 under the name of AIESEC, the concept of an international organisation arranging the exchange of student trainees was not entirely new in the 1940's, shortly after World War II.

It is necessary to mention two forcrumners of AIESEC. The first one was an organisation called PRAXIS which was founded by Scandinavian business schools in the late 139%. These schools organised in the late thirtees and dering the war a forant exchange programme of their own on the territory of Scandinavia. Though it was an organisation on a small ratel, it was ruther effective. It was more than obvious that PRAXIS could not withstand the anticleis and determine of the own of the world, global war. Thus PRAXIS became out of many examilies of the war. The reset of such as organisation was even more prevailed at the call of the world. As exchange organisation was ended on a larger scale.

The idea started being acute in 1944. The reasons were more than obvious. The whole generation of European managers was effected by the war (killed, injured, devastated, horribly effected) or at least were put aside from manager's field (Companies, enterprise and factories were mainly destroyed or in a big mess. There was an acute need for a new managers' generation such as executives, managers and leaders. The repossibilities were put on a shoulder to Dustiness thooks in Europe. They were responsible for education of a large number of well trained individuals both on theoretical and practical fields. Practical experience should be supported.

In 1944 the neutral Scandinavian business schools were still exchanging in the frame of PRAXIS. It is winessed that in the end of the war three persons started being in sustual contact and cause to an idea of an international organisation which would help to fill up the gap of young and efficient encounies and business managers. These were Berill Heidrey (an official at the Suckholan School of Economica) and Javasley Zolck (a Exches Studesia) and Stonislots Collon (a Belgian student). These three persons used to have met (probably in Stockholm) and to found an organisation called ATISE (Association International dee Ecolomiques), the Prodetecoper of AISSEC.

Page 2

The first AIESE congress was held in Liege (Belgium) in 1946. The first President was elected (period 1946 - 1947) Jaroslav Zich (Czech student), in the Executive Board were further on: Bertil Hedberg (Sweden), Stanislas Callens (Belgium), Boddez (France), Piccard a Staably (Switzerfand) a Teabort (the Netherlands). The seat of the AIESE was in Prague. The organization started publishing the journal, Revue Internationals des Etudes Superieures en Sciences Economiques (Commerciales et Industrielles) at Sociales².

It is necessary to state that even before AIESE there was an organisation on the territory of Semidinavia which was one of the first attempts to establish such an organisation: in March 1946 Golbehury usik the place where, Scandinavian Congreya' was held (the centre for exchanges was in 1946-47 Economic Academy in Stockholm.) Kjell Marcussen was the President.

The author of the first Statute named "Soyons prets" was Stanislas Calleas. Further countries joined AIESE—shortly after the Liege Congress these were Vugoalvin, Austria, Hungary, Peland, Romanii Norway and some others. AIESE wanted to join the International Union of Stodents (USA), but the Executive Board in St. Gallen in 1947 decided that AIESE be neutral and stopped the idea of joining

The activity of the three culturisatists went into further contacts shortly after the war in 1946. It was decided that AIESE would be having its official headquarters in Prague and the first top official will be Jarouka Zick. Official steps were taken to register this student organisation in Prague in 1948. Stanistac Callens said that, the goal was to expand understanding of a nation by expanding the understanding of person at a time?

However, the politics came across and destroyed the sincere idea of students. The communist political coup of etat in Czechoslovakia in February 1948 and later political development in the country completely stopped the idea. AIESE was dissolved.

AIESEC

Fortunately, students did not abandon the idea of such an organisation and decided to go on in their efforts and to find a safer haven in Europe. Stockholm was the place they chose. In March 1989 (2) in 6" March, 1989, 99 students participated in the Congress: Bedjum, Bennark, Finland, France, the Northeriand, Norway and Sweden. In main goal of the AUSEX or supply information and Northeriand, Norway and Sweden. In main goal of the AUSEX or supply information and organized the contract of the Congress of t

and undertake exchange vants on summons.

ARESEC, in 1994.
ARESEC was born. The idea for organising some sort of exchange programme managed to stay alive.
European students were eager to rebuild their devastated countries. Students believed to take
responsibility to increase international understanding and conperation.

Page 3

Jarodav Zich and Czechoslovakia officially disappeared from the history. It is more than evident that Jarodav Zich was one of the main initiators of ASE (later ALESEC). The political situation in his country stoped his ALESEC caree, to knower, we know that he continue heiging ALESEC unafficially. The last news we know about him is that he defeated his country and went to the American Sector of Germany. After that we had lost the rack of him...

AJESEC TELEGRAPHICALLY, YEARS AFTER

This was the beginning which is nearly forgotten. How was it after that? Telegraphically:

EXTENSION came after. AIESEC was confronted with another war, the Cold War, survived successfully. Dynamic idees and dynamic programs helped a lot. In a few short years AIESEC had grown at an increbible speec. The fifth international Congres was held in Airmorber, Germany in March 1933. That year 16 countries were officially registered in the AIESEC. More countries joined the Association. Austria, Germany, Great Bridas, 1843, Saxtrand, Spins, Switzerland and Vugeslavin.

NEW CONCEPT. AIESEC spread all over. It was not only the European story may more. New country joined the Association in 1954: Turkey, Shortly after Greece and Israel. Contacts with other international organisations such as UNESCO and ICC was set up.

GOING CONTINENTALLY. AIESEC started being interested in getting their members on the other continents than Europe. The U.S.A. joined AIESEC in 1937, Colombia and Veszeuela in 1958. In Johannesburg, South Africa: the first autional committee in Africa was here in 1958. What an excitment it was for Europe, what an excitment it was for other continents.

1950 DECADE. It was quite remarkable how other countries listened to the idea of AIESEC in the 1950's. Canada, Portugal and Ireland joined AIESEC in 1959. There were 24 national committees that years Four conditionests were involved.

EQUAL SUCCESS IN 1960's. The activities of AIESEC started being attractive to other countries. Sierra Leone, Ghana and Nigeria joined in 1961, Chile, Iceland, Feru and Tunisia became AIESEC members in 1982, Japan and Korse avec members in 1982 bill and brought AIESEC idea indo Asia. And in 1965 Australia became a member. All continents were a part of AIESEC family this year. In 1965 Australia was not the only country which was accepted as a member. AIESEC decided that Czecholovskia be approved as a prespective member and the country as the first one within the Czecholovskia became allowed the AIESEC of AIESEC and the AIESEC community Easter Bills (after Vagotavia) was approved by the International Congress in Tel-Aviv, Israel in 1966 (internal decision was taken in 1965 by top AIESEC organs).

Page 4

EXTENSION AND CONSOLIDATION PROGRAMS. The 1970's witnessed AIESEC be designed in this way especially in developing countries. Extension included management development projects such as seminars, student surveys, constant talks and study towar. These projects started being very important within AIESEC structures. Innovative programs such as business games and market research projects were implemented. Howevery, the most important international undertaking of AIESEC remained the International Trainceship Exchange Program.

AIESEC MILESTONES. In the internal structure development occurred as well. Number of trainceships continued to go up, 89 students were exchanged in the first year of AIESEC existence, it doubled in 1950 (in 169) and by 1952 is had quadrepled (in 418). The 1000 trainceships barrier was broken in 1955, by 1962 the number of trainceships had jumped to 3389 (in 2010 almost 10000 trainceships were registered, An important motion at the Borderan International Congress was passed: minimum allowable length of an AIESEC trainceship was changed to six weeks. Further moti important internal development occurred in 1967. The role of ecomputer was recognised and EDP (Electronic data processing) was created. AIESEC jumped into the computer era. Upgrade was accepted in the year 1966—1999.

PRO-ACTIVE THEME. The 1980's had brought a challenge to the Association and established a theme that would be pro-active in changing the world. It was decided that AIESEC would adopt a theme based on a sustainable development. The initiative was called the AIESEC Global Seminar Series (ACSS). It involved a series of seminars around the world that had action-oriented projects. Constacts were made with many non-ceptrate based organisations. International Trainesting Exchange Programme (TEP) rebounded from a low in 1983 of 4265 to over 6506. Economics and management was still in the traditional focus of AIESEC, in the 1989's quite a few Latin American, Asian and African countries were accepted as members. U.S.S.R. became member in 1989.

AAI WAS BORN. Several ex-AESECARS can AESEC ALUMNI gathered in Bedapest in the autumn of 1986 and founded AESEC ALUMNI International (AAI). The organization started offering a shelter for AISEC alumni. Its servetariat is in Birusels and the organization offers alumn to be organized. AAI members meet once internationally (usually in a different country in February every year). Close contacts between AESEC and AAI acceptance of the acceptance

atomin programs is an ex not memoer of AA accuracy topara.

G. OBAL THEMES AND PROJECTS. Besides traditional AIESEC activities, new themes and projects were defined in 1995 't. The most important was a Interdependence – Learning and Acting for a Shared Fotour'. This themes worked to get people thinking and participating with an appreciation of a Shared Fotour's. This themes worked to get people thinking and participating with an appreciation of appreciation of a special form of a commission of a superior form and accombidation were adopted. Expectingly forcur on a core of AISSEC: error appreciation of a superior forcurs and appreciation of a superior forcurs and accombination of a superior forcurs and accombination of a superior forcurs and accombination of the superior forcu

Page 5

In years of 1997 to 2001 no new country as a member was accepted.

NEW CENTURY, NEW COUNTRIES, NEW CONCEPTS. The 21° century have brought new countries into AIESEC family; the most important country was Maintand China (2002, LAE, Afghasiatsa, Hordan, but also some of ex-Seviet territories like Aerabajas, Tajinistan, Geregia, Muldows, Kyrgystan, Uzbekistan, Karakhatsan was a part of AIESEC family, It is important to The AIESEC networks as of februrary 2008 includes 50000 statechs in 1010 countries and territories at over 1600 universities access the globe and realizing around 10000 exchanges (trainechajos) searly, AIESEC 1600 provides 470 oefficiences yearly and virtual tools to build networks. AIESEC, expands the organization to new countries periodically. Countries listed as, Official Extensions* of AIESEC as of February 2010 include Algeria, August, Babrais, Benni, Betwann, Cambodia, Rhibipia, Calon, Goorgia, Technol, Mongolia, Mozambique, Qatar, Kingdom of Sasofi Arabis, South Africa, Victuam and Zimbaboue.

STRUCTURE IN THE END. AIESEC operates at four levels: Local Committees (Lcs), Member Committees (Mes), Growth Networks (GN) and AIESEC International (AI). A LC is based out of a university (or group of nearby universities) which is responsible for the functional of the control of the control of the functional of the control of the con

REFERENCES

- REFERENCES

 2 www.halm.halvines

 2 www.dam.halvines

 2 www.dam.halvines

 2 www.dam.halvines

 2 www.dam.halvines

 3 www.dam.halvines

 4 left.gam.halvines

 4 left.gam.halvines

 5 left.gam.halvines

 5 left.gam.halvines

 6 left.gam.halvines

 6

Page 6

Alfatty-livens-klapedii-tezzamm.cz/heslo/442694-aiseset
15/http://www.aisesec.po.apolo.pl/aiseset/h.k.htm
16/Archive and horotunes of different AESEC Les
17 Archives of different European and U.S. universities
18/Persinal archive of Ivan Leis
19/Persinal information of AIESEC and AAI top officials: Jean Choplin, Bernd Thomas, Victor Lesevanties, Barbara Whitchead, J.J. Elsin

Written and compiled in May 2011 in Radonice, Czechia

Ivan Leiš LCP 1968 (PRG, CZ) PAAI 2005-2006